



RIPE NCC
RIPE NETWORK COORDINATION CENTER

How the Internet routed around **Cable Damage** in the Baltic Sea

Internet event analysis with **RIPE Atlas**



This is an abridged version ahead of Friday's session based on content published on RIPE Labs:

- <https://labs.ripe.net/author/emileaben/does-the-internet-route-around-damage-baltic-sea-cable-cuts/>
- <https://labs.ripe.net/author/emileaben/a-deep-dive-into-the-baltic-sea-cable-cuts/>

Collaborative work with Alun Davies, Anastasiya Pak, Jim Cowie and Joaquin Vaquero Ortiz

Baltic Sea cable damage



Partial timeline (focus on initial events we analysed)

- 17 Nov 2024: **BCS East-West** outage
- 18 Nov 2024: **C-LION1** outage
- 27 Nov 2024: **BCS East-West** restored
- 28 Nov 2024: **C-LION1** restored
- 25 Dec 2024: **C-LION1** outage
- 06 Jan 2025: **C-LION1** restored
- 26 Jan 2025: **LVRTC** outage
- 28 Feb 2025: **LVRTC** restored

Baltic Sea cable damage



Media coverage

Two Baltic Sea cables disrupted – is this ‘hybrid warfare’?

By **Annie Turner** - 19 November 2024

European governments point finger at Russia over Baltic cable cuts

Investigations are underway into two subsea cable breaches in the Baltic and European governments are starting to suggest that Russia is behind



Mary Lennighan
November 20, 2024

3 Min Read



Damaged cables appear to be accident, Finland says

3 December 2024

George Wright
BBC News



Sweden opens inquiry into damaged undersea cable as Nato deploys ships

A vessel has been seized at optic line, probably due to

December 31, 2024

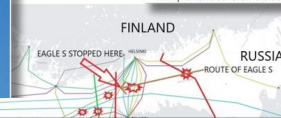
Christmas Day Cable Cuts in the Baltic Sea

Written by [Alexander Lott](#)

marine telecommunication cables in the Baltic Sea, an area controlled by Lithuania, Russia, and Poland. In addition, an underwater cable was cut by a ship anchor. The incident involved a foreign cable ship carrying over a hundred kilometers of cable.

The incident occurred in October 2024, and the location is indicated on the map by the red infrastructure located in the New Baltic Sea. The cable carries electricity and data, and its decisive intervention is critical for the region's offshore infrastructure and the Eagle S incident.

As reported by [The Washington Post](#), US and European officials have gathered evidence - including intercepted communications - which have concluded that anchors were dragged across the seabed accidentally because of inexperienced crews aboard poorly maintained



Sweden Investigates New Cable Break Under Baltic Sea

Authorities are looking into possible damage to an undersea cable east of Gotland island. NATO has stepped up its surveillance in the region.

Baltic subsea cable damage was accidental, not sabotage - US and European officials

Refutes all claims of Russian sabotage

January 20, 2025 By: [Niva Yadav](#) Have your say



Subsea cable damage in the Baltic Sea in recent months was likely the result of maritime accidents, not Russian sabotage, according to several US and European intelligence officials.

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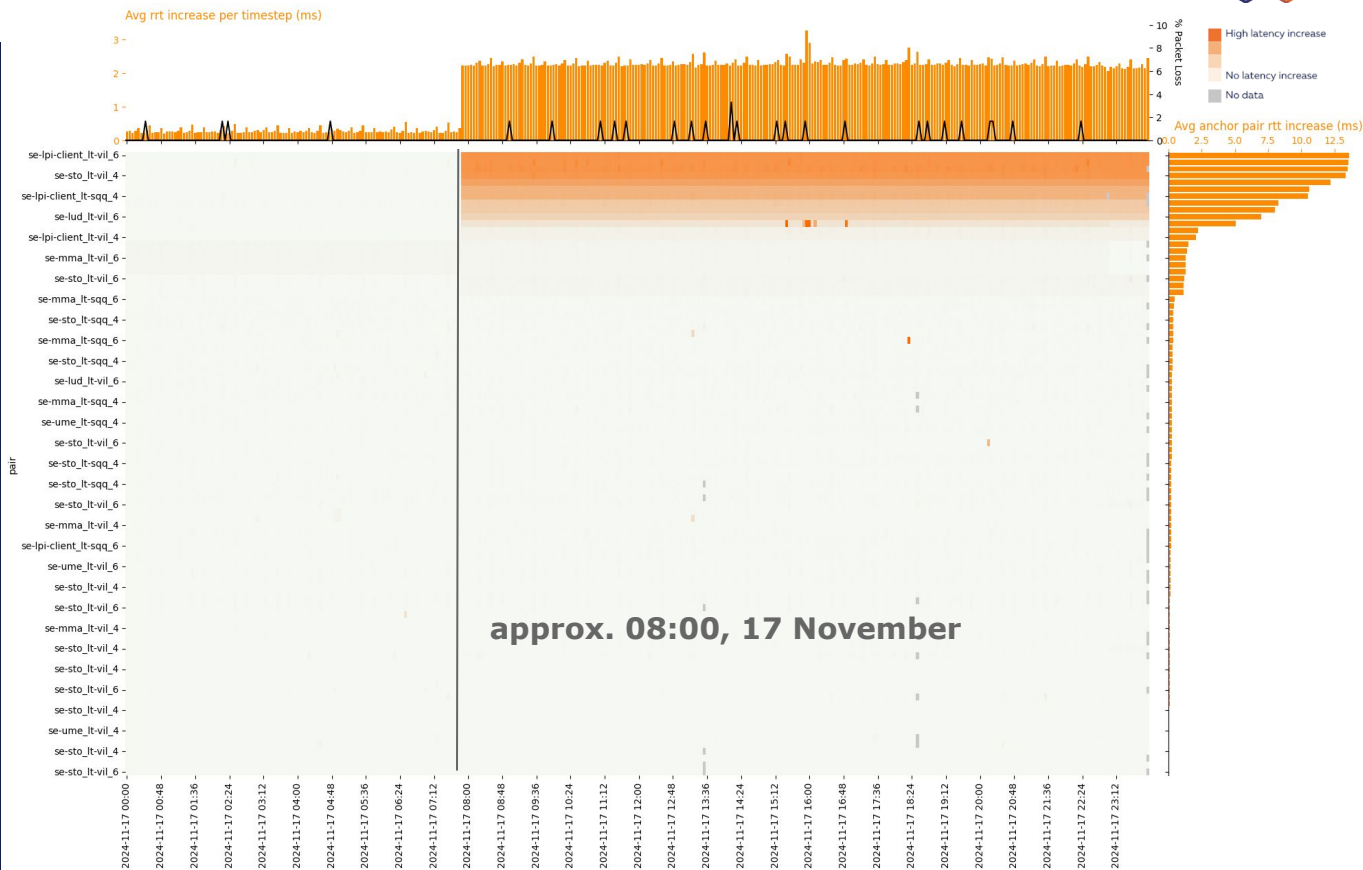
Swedish Coast Guard vessel in the Baltic Sea. Sweden also investigated the severing

Latency shift

12 hour before/after
time of event

Latency increase of
approx 10-20 ms
shortly before
08:00 UTC on
17 November

*We subtract the minimum latency for
a path during our observation period
to make the latency jumps
comparable*



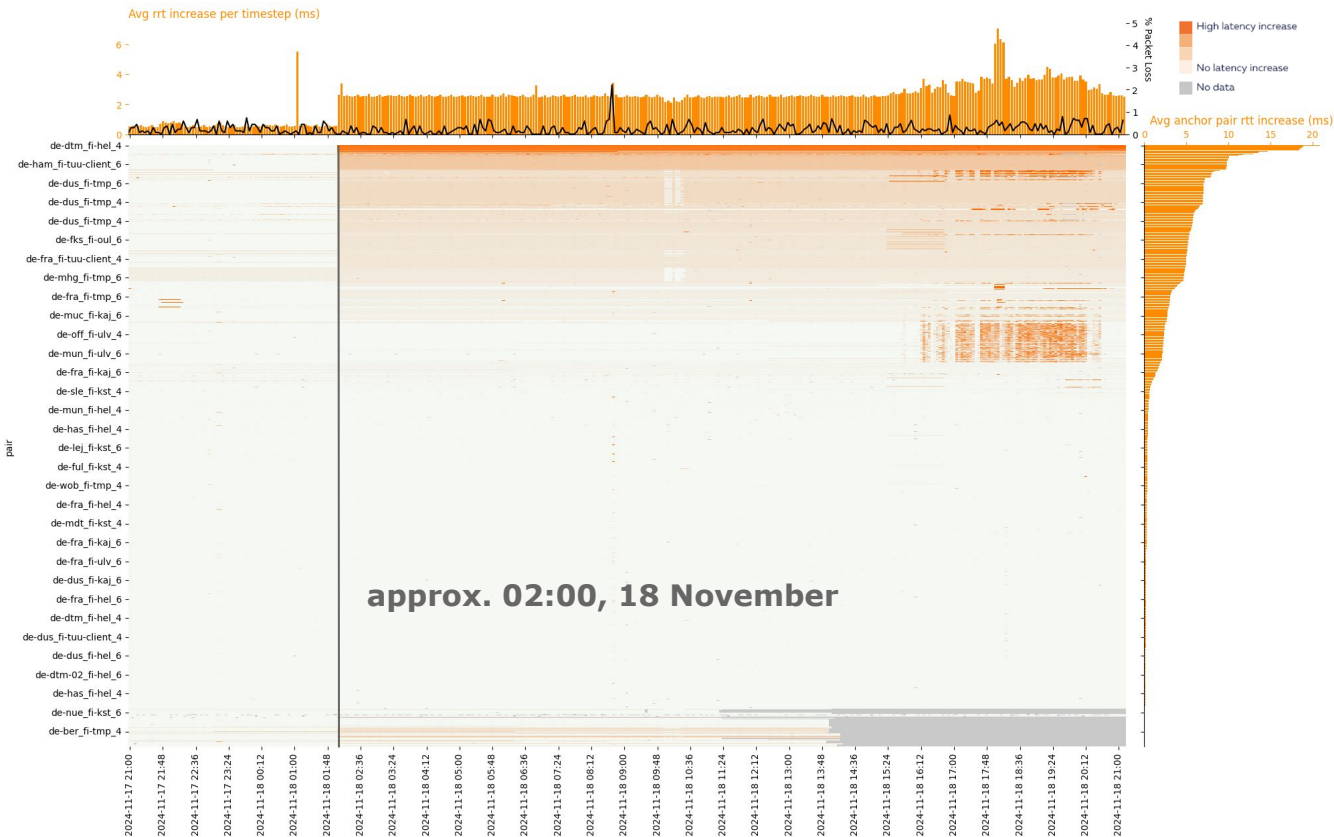


Latency shift

Latency increase of
approx 5ms a little after
02:00 UTC on
18 November

Packet loss

Again, no significant
increase in packet loss
at time of outage

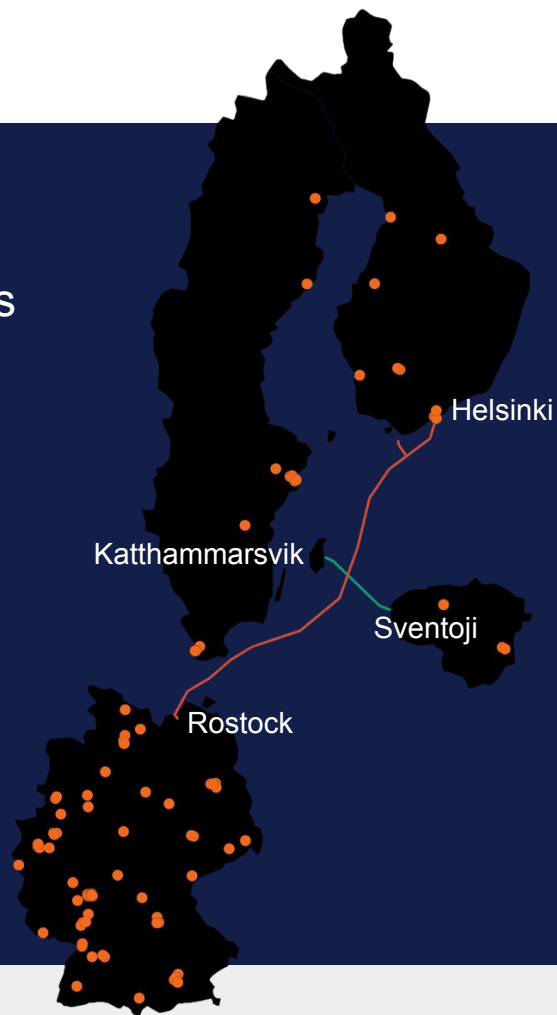


Summing up



There was a relatively minor but visible shift in latency for around 20-30% of paths between observed anchors

But there was no concurrent increase in packet loss



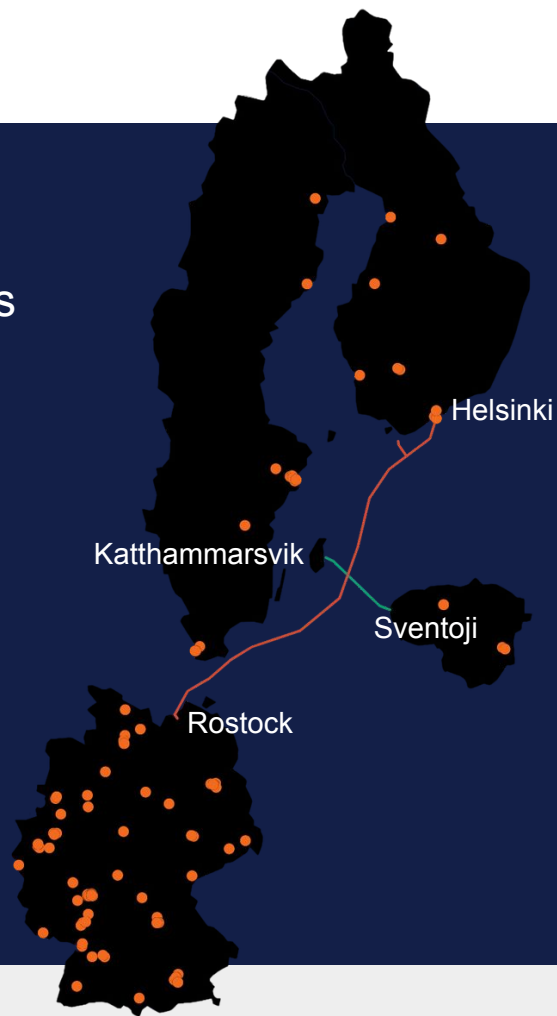
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The Internet routed around damage!



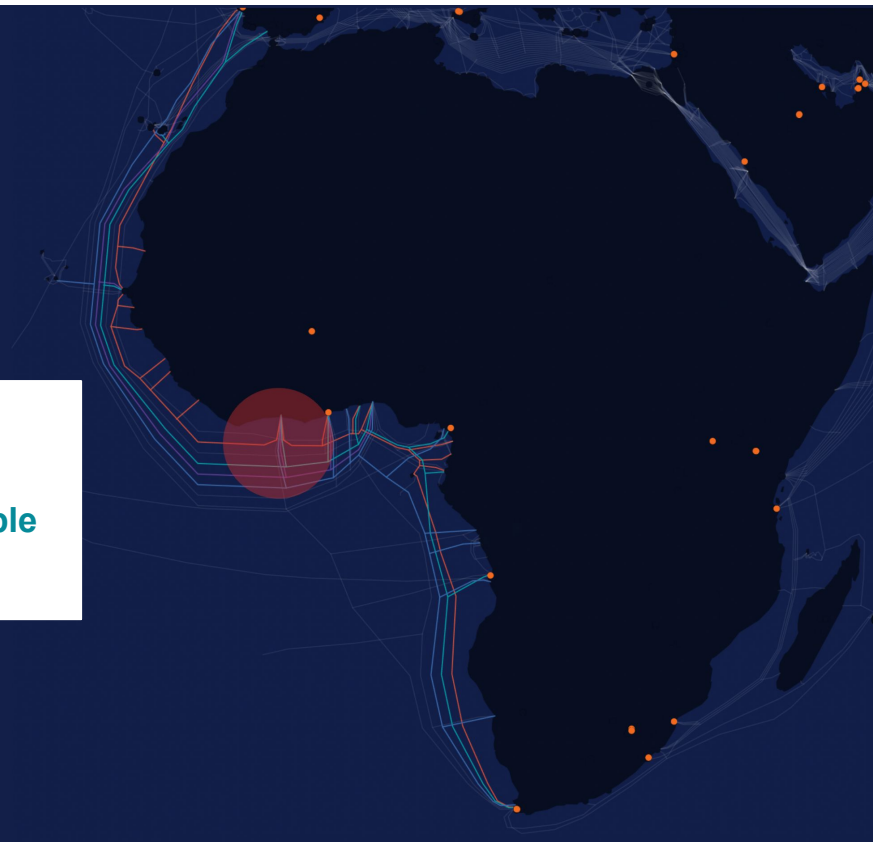
Resilience is not guaranteed



Cable damage in Africa

14 March 2024: Submarine landslide off coast of Cote d'Ivoire resulted in damage across multiple cables:

- **ACE: Africa Coast to Europe**
- **MainOne**
- **SAT-3: Submarine Atlantic 3/West Africa Submarine Cable**
- **WACS: West Africa Cable System**

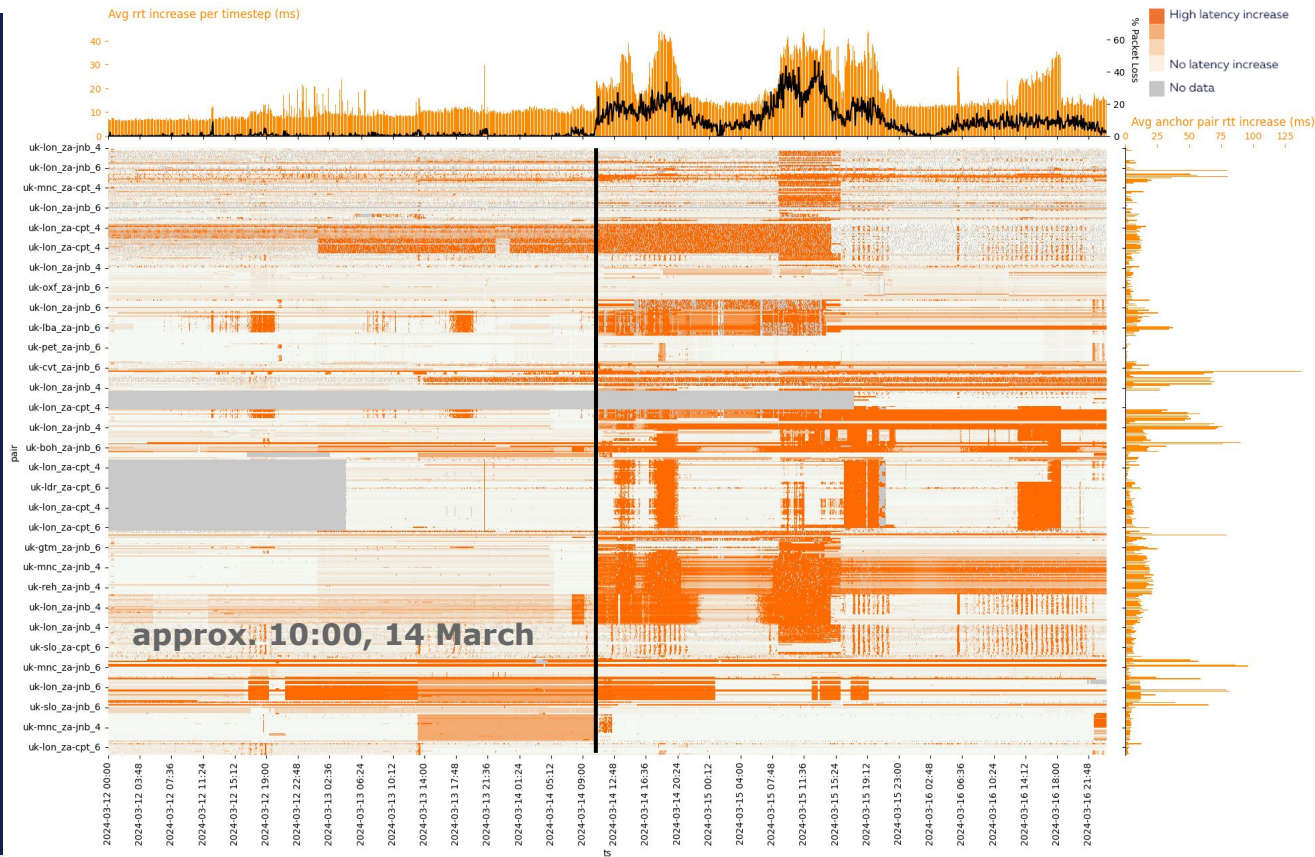


Resilience is not guaranteed



Latency shift with packet loss

Latency increases of approx 20-30 ms accompanied by concurrent increase in packet loss





In the Baltic Sea:

- “The Internet routed around damage”
- Internet resilience depends on multiple levels of redundancy
 - Redundancy between networks
 - Redundancy within networks (circuit and routing)



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We have to keep monitoring, measuring, understanding



Questions & Comments



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THANK YOU!